



Cooperation Council for the
Arab States of the Gulf

Convention on the Conservation of Wildlife and their Natural Habitats in the Countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council



Introduction

The Convention is the first legal instrument binding the six member States of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) to coordinate their activities toward the conservation of wildlife and natural habitats.

This Convention, which was signed on 30 December 2001 in Muscat, came into force in April 2003. The Convention consists of thirteen Articles and three Appendices broadly dealing with Conservation of biodiversity and the natural environment within the member States through a number of agreed measures. The national conservation agencies in each of the Contracting Parties serve as the national focal points for the implementation of the convention. The (GCC) Secretariat serves as the Depository of the Convention. The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia provides the Convention's Secretariat.

The reader's attention is drawn to the fact that the English version of this text is not official. Only the Arabic version of the Convention has an official character.

Convention Secretary General
Mohammed Al-Toraif





Preamble

The member states of the Gulf Co-operation Council, Believing in the common destiny and the unity of goal, which combine their peoples, and seeking to realize co-operation, integration and communication among their citizens to bolster the efforts being made in all spheres to realize aspirations towards a prosperous future,

Recognizing that wildlife, of all types, constitutes a basis for a conserving rural human prosperity and long-term economic development, in addition to its major importance as heritage for the Arab Nations, being a custodian of these resources which Almighty Allah has entrusted it with in order to preserve for the sake of future generations,

Conscious of that many species of wildlife of all forms and their natural habitats are facing a serious threat or alarm of being destroyed through improper exploitation and various human activities, which lead to the degradation of the natural habitats of wildlife,

Mindful of the necessity that conservation of all forms of wildlife, should be taken into consideration in the strategies and objectives of national planning

And in pursuance of the Seventh Principle of the General Policies and Principles for the Protection of Environment and Common Environmental Action in the Gulf Co-operation Council States,

Have agreed as follows:

Article (1)

General Provisions

1) Definitions

The following terms and expressions shall have the meanings assigned opposite each:

Co-operation Council: means the Arabian Gulf Countries Co-operation Council, which includes as members: the United Arab Emirates, the State of Bahrain, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Sultanate of Oman, the State of Qatar and the State of Kuwait.

Supreme Council: means the Supreme Council of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

Ministers: mean ministers responsible for environmental affairs in the member of the States of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

General Secretariat: means the General Secretariat of the Co-operation Council.

Secretary General: means the Secretary General of the Co-operation Council.

Convention: means convention on the conservation of wildlife and their natural habitats in the countries of the Gulf Co-operation Council.

Permanent Committee: means the Committee concerned with following-up implementation of the Convention.

Environmental Co-ordination Committee: means the Environmental Co-ordination Committee in the Council States.



Secretariat:	means the Secretariat of the Convention.
Wildlife:	means all species of living organisms, including plants, animals, bacteria and fungi, in or outside their natural habitats.
Conservation:	means a set of rules, regulations and measures which ensure the protection of wildlife and its species, products and their sustainable utilizations and rehabilitating it and its natural habitats which have deteriorated as a result of human or natural factors.
Trading:	includes import, export, sale, offer, barter and exchange.
Natural Habitat:	means the entire habitats and what they contain in the form of communities.
Ecosystem:	means all the habitats and what they contain in the form of communities and associations of living species, including plants, animals and other living organisms interacting with each other and with their surroundings as an integrated system.
Biodiversity:	means all forms of life on earth. It includes all form of wildlife, of different genetic types and all ecosystems.
Products:	mean any natural or manufactured parts taken from a wild organism.

2) Objective

The objective of this Convention is to conserve the ecosystems and wildlife in a sound and growing state, particularly the species threatened with extinction, and specifically when the distribution of such species exceeds the international border of two neighbouring countries or more, or when such species migrate across these countries, including the territorial waters or the airspace under their sovereignty.

3) The countries which are parties to this Convention undertake to develop and implement policies and activities for the purpose of conserving wildlife and its natural habitats and rehabilitating it and ensuring sustainable exploitation thereof, through:

- a) enacting, implementing and developing suitable legislation, laws and regulations;
- b) protecting and managing adequate areas of habitats suitable for wildlife as sanctuaries, whether natural or otherwise, in accordance with international standards and national legislation;
- c) protecting wildlife and its habitats against all threats, such as pollution and environmental deterioration, and taking appropriate measures to combat such threats and control them, once they occur, in order to mitigate their effects;
- d) stipulating that environmental impact assessment studies are carried out for all development projects before such projects are implemented, and creating a mechanism to follow up the implementation of the ratified environmental standards and requirements in each state;
- e) paying attention to environmental education to spread awareness of the importance of conserving wildlife and its natural habitats and its social, economic and environmental dimensions, particularly on primary, intermediate and secondary educational levels;



- f) seeking to spread awareness of the importance of conserving wildlife and its natural habitats by using different news media; and
- g) co-operating in research, exchange of expertise and training of specialist personnel and finding solutions to the common problems related to the management of natural resources.

Article 2

Protection of Natural Habitats

Each party to this Convention shall:

1. Enact the necessary legislative laws to ensure conservation, and where necessary, rehabilitation and sound management of enough areas of natural habitats suitable for wildlife, particularly the species (or sub-species which are geographically isolated) or endemic species in any state that is party to this Convention.
2. Give priority to verification that the natural habitats being conserved are managed in a way that safeguards the realization of the objective of such conservation. This shall include the following:
 - a) Banning or restricting human activities which lead to the:
 - (i) distortion of the nature of such habitats;
 - (ii) pollution or poisoning them or;
 - (iii) deterioration, or threatening with deterioration, of the biodiversity of such habitats or their environmental productivity.
 - b) Adopting appropriate measures to restore the biodiversity and productivity of the habitats which have been subjected to deterioration.
3. Co-ordinate and exert efforts, with other parties, to conserve the natural habitats in a proper way, particularly when:
 - a) Such conservation is on a common border area.
 - b) These habitats are important for the migratory species included in Appendix (II) and Appendix (III) of this Convention.

Article 3

Protection of Wildlife Species

1. Each party to this Convention shall enact the necessary legislation to conserve the species of wildlife included in the three appendices attached to this Convention, as follows:
 - A) Flora species included in Appendix (I).
 - (i) conserving such species, wherever they exist in natural habitats or whenever it is necessary to re-distribute them; and
 - (ii) banning or regulating the uprooting or felling any parts thereof or collecting their seeds except save for authorized scientific or research purposes.



- B) The fauna species included in Appendix (II):
 - (i) conserving such species, wherever they exist in natural habitats or whenever it is necessary to settle them; and
 - (ii) banning all forms of hunting or deliberate killing, destruction or collecting of eggs or causing their disturbance, particularly during seasons of propagation and breeding of their young.
 - C) The fauna species included in Appendix (III):

Verifying that any exploitation of such species is done in a rationalized way ensuring that the survival or existence of any of such species in nature is not threatened, by adopting appropriate measures, such as:

 - (i) banning hunting or designating seasons when hunting is allowed, and introducing systems ensuring the rationalization of the levels of such exploitation; and
 - (ii) banning and/or regulating the exploitation of such groups for the purpose of affording the opportunity to them to recover their numbers in a satisfactory manner.
2. Each party to this Convention shall adopt all the necessary legislative and administrative measures in order to:
 - A) Register all the species included in Appendix (I), Appendix (II) and Appendix (III), which are allowed to be owned in a legitimate way.
 - B) Regulate the method of breeding such species and enhance their breeding in captivity.
 - C) Ban or regulate the release of such species to the wild.
 - D) Ban or regulate all forms of trading, locally, regionally or internationally, in the species included in Appendix (I), Appendix (II) and Appendix (III) or in their products or parts.
 3. Ban the owning of the animals species included in Appendix (III) or killing them, by any means, which may lead to their extinction, or through the use of any of the permitted tools without obtaining a permit specifying the conditions whereby their ownership is regulated or specifying such tool. Such permits and licenses shall be issued by the concerned authorities in the states which are parties to the Convention.
 4. The party states shall, in addition to the measures provided for in this Convention, co-ordinate their efforts to conserve the migratory populations from those included under Appendix (II) and Appendix (III).

Article 4

Restrictive Measures

1. Each party to this Convention may adopt restrictive measures on a national level in order to regulate the trading in any wildlife species or in its products or parts, from those included under Appendix (I), Appendix (II) or Appendix (III), where such species is resident of the land of such state or of its territorial waters or migrating across them in an ordinary way or to regulate the use of any of species included in Appendix (III).
2. Each party to this Convention shall notify the Permanent Committee of any restrictive local taken measures of this type taken, as well as of any species provided with full protection on its territories other than the species included in Appendix (II) and Appendix (III) on the land of the country.



Article 5

Supplementary Provisions

To implement the provisions of this Convention, each party shall:

1. Co-operate with the party states, particularly when this would lead to enhancing the efficiency of the measures taken in pursuance of the provisions of this Convention.
2. Encourage and co-ordinate research and exchange information and expertise which would serve the objectives of this Convention particularly in relation to the programmes of propagating the species in captivity and re-introducing them in their natural habitats.
3. Co-ordinate and integrate efforts and exchange information in respect of the movement of the reintroduce species across the borders to the land of another state.
4. Seek to utilize modern technologies in the exchange of information and networking among the concerned institutions in the party states to facilitate the exchange of information about the Convention and its implementation.

Article 6

Permasnent Committee

1. Under this Convention, there shall be established a committee under the name "Permanent Committee for the Conservation of Wildlife and its Natural Habitats in the Gulf Co-operation Council States."
2. The Permanent Committee shall consist of representatives from all the GCC states, provided that the level of representation on it shall not be less than a director.
3. The assignment Permanent Committee is to enforce implementing put the principles and objectives specified in this Convention. For this end, the Committee's responsibilities and powers shall be as follows:
 - a. Follow up implementation.
 - b. Facilitate conducting intensive research and studies on natural habitats of the species and their distribution areas and normal movements in such areas.
 - c. Collect information and prepare periodical country reports about the situation, numbers and distribution of wildlife species and any changes occurring thereto, and factors affecting them.
 - d. Analyze and disseminate the information referred to under paragraphs (b) and (c) above.
 - e. Determine the requirements of wildlife conservation for the species and evaluate the effectiveness of the conservation measures approved by the parties in implementation of this Convention.



- f. Applying, adopt and revise conservation measures by using the best available scientific evidence which include the following:
 - (i) designating certain areas as protected areas to conserve biodiversity and rehabilitate it;
 - (ii) determining the start and end of hunting seasons;
 - (iii) regulating hunting methods so as to avoid intensive hunting in any area or region or of one species or certain species;
 - (iv) regulating grazing activities and specifying its areas and dates; and
 - (v) taking other conservation measures which the Permanent Committee deems fit to realize the objectives of this Convention, including drawing up plans and programmes to prevent the negative impacts resulting from development projects in areas of the natural distribution of wild plants and animals specified in the appendices attached to this Convention.
 - g. Check periodically the appendices attached to this Convention and suggest amendments there to upon the request of any state of the party states, provided that the appendices and the amendments are approved by the Environmental Co-ordination Committee.
 - h. Reviewing the measures taken by the party states in pursuance of Paragraph (2) of Article 4 of this convention.
 - i. Preparing the proposed budget for the Convention.
 - j. Propose to the Permanent Committee's draft by-laws and financial and administrative regulations and approved by the Ministers.
 - k. Seek to facilitate amicable settlement of any dispute arising between the parties in the course of implementing this Convention, in accordance of Article 9 of this Convention.
4. The Permanent Committee shall convene at least twice per year. However, it may convene other meetings, ordinary or extraordinary, on the request of one of the party states, to be seconded by another country. The General Secretariat of the Co-operation Council shall call for convening the Committee's first meeting within no more than three months from the date this Agreement comes into force.
 5. The Permanent Committee may form specialist sub-committees or task forces, whether on a permanent or temporary basis, as necessary, to carry out its functions in an proper way.
 6. The party states to the Convention shall implement the conservation measures recommended by the Permanent Committee, and approved by the Ministers in pursuance of the provisions of the Articles of this Convention, as follows:
 7. The Permanent Committee shall notify all the party states of the conservation measures.
 8. The conservation measures shall become binding upon all party states upon the expiry of sixty days after the notification date.
 9. The Permanent Committee shall assess the implementation of the Convention upon the expiry of three years after the date the Convention comes into force, and at least every six years thereafter.

Article 7

Secretariat

By virtue of this Convention, a Secretariat shall be established, to carry out the following



functions:

1. Preparation and arrangement for the Permanent Committee's meetings in co-ordination with the General Secretariat.
2. Preparation of reports about the activities assigned to it in implementation of its functions by virtue of this Convention and submitting them to the Permanent Committee.
3. Co-ordination with the institutions concerned with conserving wildlife in the Co-operation Council states and with similar organizations and regional and international conventions.
4. Co-ordinating the exchange of information and data among the party states to the Convention and notifying the competent authorities of them.
5. Any other functions that may be entrusted to it.

Article 8

Amendments to the Convention

Each party to this Convention may propose making any amendments to any of the Articles of the Convention and submit an application to this effect to the Depository, which shall submit such amendments to the Ministers for approval. Amendments shall be governed by the same provisions related to the entry into force and those set forth under Paragraph (2) of Article 10 of this Convention.

Article 9

Settlement of Disputes

The Permanent Committee shall make best efforts to facilitate the amicable settlement of any dispute that may arise in the course of implementing this Convention. If such dispute becomes impossible to settle or resolve through direct negotiations between the concerned parties, the Committee shall submit it to the Ministers.

Article 10

Entry into Force

1. This Convention shall be approved by the Supreme Council and ratified by the member states in accordance with their constitutional processes.
2. The Convention shall enter into force upon the expiry of ninety days after the ratification of four Gulf Co-operation Council states.

Article 11

Reservations

1. Any state may, on depositing the instrument of ratification of this Convention, express one reservation, or more, about the species specified in Appendix (I), Appendix (II) and Appendix (III) or in connection with the measures and method of killing, catching or exploitation of one or more species from those specified in this Convention.
2. Any party state to this Convention may withdraw any reservation at any time by notifying the Secretary General in writing, and such reservation shall stand null and void after the expiry of thirty days from the date of notification.



Appendix (I)
To Be Protected Flora Species



Acanthaceae

<i>Crossandra wissmani</i>	الكروساندرا الوايزمائي
<i>Ecbolium gymnostachyum</i>	
<i>Monechma debile</i>	
<i>Ruellia grandiflora</i>	رويلية كبيرة الأزهار (معرية)

Agavaceae

<i>Dracaena serrulata</i>	التينينة المنشارية
<i>Dracaena serrulata</i>	دم الأخوين المنشارية
<i>Dracaena serrulata</i>	شجرة التين المنشارية
<i>Sansevieria forskaliana</i>	السنسفيرية الفورشكالية
<i>Sansevieria abyssinice</i>	السنسفيرية الحبشية
<i>Sansevieria ehrenbergii</i>	السنسفيرية الاهرنبرجيانية
<i>Sansevieria ehrenbergii</i>	ذلب (اليمن)

Amaryllidaceae

<i>Crinum album</i>	سرف أبيض
<i>Crinum album</i>	اقربون أبيض
<i>Crinum album</i>	ترنفية أبيض
<i>Crinum yemense</i>	سرف يمني
<i>Crinum yemense</i>	أقربون يمني
<i>Crinum yemense</i>	ترنفية يمني
<i>Pancratium maximum</i>	سرف كبير
<i>Pancratium maximum</i>	بريد كبير
<i>Scadoxus multiflorus</i>	بسطاوكس متعدد الأزهار
<i>Pancratium tenuifolium</i>	سرف رقيق الورق

Asclepiadaceae

<i>Caralluma spp</i>	أنواع جنس الضجعة
<i>Ceropegia spp</i>	أنواع جنس دراعة الكلية
<i>Ceropegia tehamana</i>	دراعة الكلية التهامية
<i>Duvalia sulcata</i>	
<i>Duvalia velutina</i>	



<i>Huemia spp</i>	أنواع جنس أم وجع الكبد
<i>Huemia spp</i>	أنواع جنس نبات الشيخ
<i>Rhytidocaulon macrolobum</i>	
<i>Rhytidocaulon sheilae</i>	
Burserrceae	
<i>Commiphora erythraea</i>	قفل
<i>Commiphora erythraea</i>	بشام
<i>Commiphora erythraea</i>	بلسان
<i>Commiphora sp</i>	أحد أنواع القفل
<i>Commiphora sp</i>	أحد أنواع البشام
<i>Commiphora sp</i>	أحد أنواع البلسان
Compositae	
<i>Kleina pendula</i>	شجرة الضب الشعاعية
<i>Anvillea radiata</i>	
Convolvulaceae	
<i>Merremia tridentata</i>	المرمية ثلاثية الأسنان
Ebenaceae	
<i>Diospyros mespilliformis</i>	آبنوس
Ericaceae	
<i>Erica arborea</i>	خلنج
<i>Erica arborea</i>	الينبرن
<i>Erica arborea</i>	الينبرة المنتنة
Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia ammak</i>	عمق
<i>Euphorbia parcircramulosa</i>	
<i>Euphorbia fractiflexa</i>	
Hypericaceae	
<i>Hypericum revolutum</i>	الهابيركتوم الرفوليوني
Gentianaceae	
<i>Sabaea sp</i>	أحد أنواع جنس صبية



<i>Sivertia sp</i>	أحد أنواع جنس سفيرتيا
Globulariaceae	
<i>Globularia arabica</i>	غنوم عربي
<i>Globularia arabica</i>	سريحة عربي
Iridaceae	
<i>Gladiolus daeenii</i>	دلبوث داليني
<i>Oenostachys abyssinica</i>	
<i>Iris albicans</i>	سوسن أبيض
<i>Iris postii</i>	سوسن بوستي
<i>Iris postii</i>	رفيف
Globulariaceae	
<i>Globularia arabica</i>	غنوم عربي
<i>Globularia arabica</i>	سريحة عربي
Labiatae	
<i>Plectranthus sp</i>	أحد أنواع بلكتوانتوم
<i>Stachys sp</i>	أحد أنواع الثليجية
<i>Sachys sp</i>	أحد أنواع القار
<i>Ajuga arbica</i>	الأجوقا العربي
Lehuminsa	
<i>Acacia laeta</i>	سنط (سوريا)
<i>Cicer cuneatum</i>	الحمص الكيوناتي
<i>Acacia seyal</i>	سيال
Liliaceae	
<i>Albuca abyssinica</i>	ألوة صبية
<i>Aloe sabaia</i>	صبر صبية
<i>Aloe sabaia</i>	مقر صبية
<i>Aloe sabaia</i>	مقير صبية
<i>Aloe sabaia</i>	
<i>Aloe rubrovillacea</i>	
<i>Tulipa biflora</i>	زنبق ثنائي الأزهار



<i>Tulipa biflora</i>	التوليب ثنائي الأزهار
<i>Tulipa biflora</i>	خزامى ثنائي الأزهار
Moraceae	
<i>Dorstenia foetida</i>	الدوروستينا النتنة
Myricaceae	
<i>Myrica salicifolia</i>	الميركا صفصافية الورق
Orchidaeeae	
<i>Eulophia petersii</i>	ايولوفيا بيدر
<i>Eulophia speciosa</i>	ايولوفيا نوعية
<i>Holothrix arachnoidea</i>	هولوتركس أرخويندي
Passifloraceae	
<i>Adenia venenata</i>	عذن (اليمن)
<i>Adenia venenata</i>	عذين (اليمن)
Panunculaceae	
<i>Delphinium sheilae</i>	العائق الشيلي
<i>Delphinium sheilae</i>	الدلفينيون الشيلي
Rosaceae	
<i>Cratageus sinaica</i>	الزعرور السينائي
Rutaceae	
<i>Teclea nobilis</i>	ذرم (اليمن)
<i>Teclea nobilis</i>	ذرم (اليمن)
<i>Teclea nobilis</i>	ذرم (اليمن)
Santalacea	
<i>Oxyris abyssinica</i>	أثق حبشي (اليمن)
<i>Oxyris abyssinica</i>	غلقى حبشية
Sapotaceae	
<i>Mimusops laurifolia</i>	لبخ قاري الورق
<i>Mimusops bruguieri</i>	
Sterculiaceae	
<i>Glossostemon bruguieri</i>	مغاث بروغوري



Thymeliaceae

Daphne linearifolia

الغار شريطي الأوراق

Daphne mucronata

الغار مستدق الطرف

Umbelliferae

Ferula sp

أحد أنواع الكلخ

Ferula sp

أحد أنواع الحلتيت

Ferula sp

أحد أنواع القنة

Velloziaceae

Xerophyta arabica

الزيروافيتا العربي



Appendex (II)
To Be Protected Fauna Species



A) Mammals

(أ) الثدييات

<i>Canis lupus</i>	Arabian Wolf	الذئب العربي
<i>Canis aureus</i>	Asiatic Jackal	ابن آوى الآسيوي
<i>Vulpes rueppelli</i>	Sand Fox	ثعلب الرمال
<i>Vulpes cana</i>	Blanford's Fox	ثعلب الصخر
<i>Vulpus zerda</i>	Fennec	ثعلب الفنك
<i>Mellivora capensis</i>	Honey Badger	غيرير العسل، الظربان
<i>Vormela peregusna</i>	Marbled Polecat	النمس المبقع
<i>Herpestes edwardsi</i>	Indian Grey Mongoose	النمس الرمادي الهندي
<i>Genetta felina</i>	European Genet	الرباح الأوروبي
<i>Ichneumia albicauda</i>	White-tailed Mongoose	النمس أبيض الذيل
<i>Hyaena hyana</i>	Striped Hyaena	الضبع المخطط
<i>Felis silvestris</i>	Wild Cat	القط البري
<i>Felis margarita</i>	Sand Cat	القط الرمال
<i>Felis caracal</i>	Caracal Lynx	الوشق
<i>Panthera pardus</i>	Arabian Leopard	النمر العربي
<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i>	Asiatic Cheetah	الفهد الآسيوي
<i>Oryx leucoryx</i>	Arabian Oryx	المها العربي
<i>Gazella gazella</i>	Mountain gazelle (Idmi)	غزال الجبال (ادمي)
<i>Gazella saudiya</i>	Saudi Gazelle (Afri)	الغزال السعودي (عفري)
<i>Gazella subgutturosa</i>	Sand Gazelle (Reem)	غزال الرمال (الريم)
<i>Ovis ammon</i>	Wild Sheep	الضأن البري
<i>Capra ibex</i>	Nubian ibex	الوعل النوبي
<i>Capra aegagrus</i>	Wild goat	الماعز البري
<i>Hemitragus jayakari</i>	Arabian Tahr	الطهر العربي
<i>Dugong dugon</i>	Dugong	الأطوم (عروس البحر)

B) Birds

(ب) الطيور

<i>Pernis apivorus</i>	Honey Buzzard	صقر النحل
<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	Black-Shouldered Kite	الحدأة سوداء الكتف



<i>Milvus migrans</i>	Black Kite	الحدأة السوداء
<i>Haliaetus leucoryphus</i>	Palla's Fish Eagle	عقاب السمك
<i>Ardeotis arabs</i>	Arabian Bustard	الخباري العربية
C) Reptiles & Amphibians		ج) الزواحف والبرمائيات
<i>Mauremy caspica</i>	Caspian Terrapin	سلحفاة المياه العذبة
<i>Rana ridibunda</i>	Marsh Frog	ضفدع المستنقعات



Appendex (III)

Animal Species Theratened With Extinction



A) Mammals

أ) الثدييات

<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	Red fox	الثعلب الأحمر
<i>Hystrix indica</i>	Indian porcupine	النيس الهندي
<i>Procavia capensis</i>	Rock hyrax	الوبر الصخري
<i>Lepus capensis</i>	Hare	الأرنب البري

B) Birds

ب) الطيور

<i>Burhinus oedipnemos</i>	Stone carlew	الكروان الصحراوي
<i>Alectoris melanocephala</i>	Red legged partridge	الحجل أحمر الساق
<i>Alectoris philbyi</i>	Philby's Rock partridge	حجل فيلبي
<i>Alectoris chukar</i>	Chukar partridge	الحجل الرمادي الرأس
<i>Ammoperdix heyi</i>	Sand partridge	حجل الرمال
<i>Ammoperdix griseogularis</i>	See-see partridge	الحجل
<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>	Quail	السمن (السلوى)
<i>Pterocles senegalus</i>	Spotted sandgrouse	القطا المرقطة
<i>Pterocles coronatus</i>	Crowned sandgrouse	القطا المتوجة
<i>Pterocles lichtensteinii</i>	Lichtensteins sandgrouse	القطا الخططة
<i>Pterocles alchata</i>	Pin tailed sandgrouse	القطا العراقي
<i>Pterocles exustus</i>	Chestnut bellied sandgrouse	القطا كستنائية البطن
<i>Falco concolor</i>	Sooty falcon	صقر الغروب
<i>Falco cherrug</i>	Saker falcon	صقر الغزال
<i>Falco biarmicus</i>	Lanner falcon	الصقر الأحمر (الحر)
<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	Peregrine falcon	صقر الشاهين
<i>Falco peregrinoides</i>	Barbary	الشاهين المغربي (الوكري)
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	Lammergeyer (Bearded Vulture)	النسر الملتحي
<i>Neophron perenopterus</i>	Egyptian	النسر المصري (الرخمة المصرية)
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	Griffon vulture	النسر الأسمر
<i>Gyps rueppellii</i>	Ruppells vulture	النسر الأبقع



<i>Torgos tracheliotus</i>	Lappet - faced Vulture	النسر الأشعث (النسر الأذن)
<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	Black Vulture	النسر الأسود
<i>Circus gallicus</i>	Short-toed Eagle	العقاب قصير الأصابع
<i>Terathopus ecaudatus</i>	Bateleur	صقر (بتلور)
<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	Marsh Harrier	صقر المستنقعات
<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	Hen Harrier	الحوام الرمادي (مرزة الدجاج)
<i>Circus macrourus</i>	Pallid Harrier	الحواب الشاحب
<i>Circus pygargus</i>	Montagu's Harrier	الحوام الرمادي مرقط الساق
<i>Melierax metabates</i>	Chanting goshawk	الباز المغرد
<i>Micronisus gubar</i>	Gabar goshawk	باز جابر
<i>Accipiter badius</i>	Shikra	باز صغير (باز شيكرة)
<i>Accipiter gentiles</i>	Goshawk	الباز الكبير
<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	Sparrowhawk	الصقر الباشق
<i>Accipiter brevipes</i>	Levant Sparrowhawk	باشق العصافير الشرقي
<i>Buteo buteo</i>	Buzzard	الصقر الحوام
<i>Buteo rufinus</i>	Long-legged Buzzard	الصقر طويل الساق
<i>Aquila clanga</i>	Spotted Eagle	العقاب المرقط
<i>Aquila rapax</i>	Steppe Eagle	عقاب السهوب
<i>Aquila heliaca</i>	Imperial Eagle	العقاب الامبراطوري
<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>	Golden Eagle	العقاب الذهبي
<i>Aquila verreauxii</i>	Verreaux's Eagle	العقاب الأبيض والأسود
<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	Booted Eagle	العقاب ذو السروال
<i>Hieraaetus fasciatus</i>	Bonelli's Eagle	عقاب أبيض القفا
<i>Hieraaetus albica</i>	White tailed Eagle	عقاب أبيض الذيل
<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Osprey	العقاب النساري
<i>Falco tinnuncullus</i>	Kestrel	عوسق
<i>Numida meleagris</i>	Helmeted (Tufted) Guinea fowl	الدجاج الحبشي
<i>Chalmydotis undulata</i>	Houbara Bustard	الخباري
<i>Otis tarda</i>	Great Bustard	الخباري الكبيرة



<i>Otus brucei</i>	Striated Scobs Owl	البوم الصغيرة المقلمة
<i>Otus scops</i>	Scobs Owl	بومة أذناء
<i>Otus senegalensis</i>	Spotted Scobs Owl	بومة أذناء الأفريقية
<i>Bubo bubo</i>	Spotted Eagle Owl	البوم النسارية
<i>Bubo africanus</i>	Spotted Eagle Owl	البوم النسارية المرقطة
<i>Athene noctua</i>	Little Owl	البوم الصغيرة
<i>Strix butleri</i>	Hume's Tawny Owl	بوم بتلر
<i>Asio otus</i>	Long-eared Owl	البوم طويل الأذن
<i>Asi flammeus</i>	Short-eared Owl	البوم قصير الأذن
<i>Grus grus</i>	Crane	الكركي
<i>Anthropoides virgo</i>	Demoiselle crane	الرهو الرمادي
<i>Pelecanus onocrotalus</i>	White pelican	البجع الأبيض
<i>Pelecanus rufescens</i>	Pink backed pelican	البجع وردي الظهر
<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Grey heron	البلشون الرمادي
<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	Purple heron	البلشون الأرجواني
<i>Ardea goliath</i>	Goliath heron	البلشون الجبار
<i>Ardeola rolloides</i>	Squacco heron	البلشون الأبيض الصغير
<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	Night heron	البلشون الليلي
<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>	Little bittern	الواق الصغير
<i>Botaurus stellaris</i>	Bittern	الواق
<i>Egretta alba</i>	Great white egret	مالك الحزين الأبيض الكبير
<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Little bittern	مالك الحزين الصغير
<i>Egretta gularis</i>	Reef heron	مالك الحزين الصخري
<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	Cattle egret	بلشون البقر
<i>Platalea leucordia</i>	Spoonbill	أبو ملعقة
<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	Glossy ibis	أبو منجل اللامع
<i>Geronticus eremita</i>	Bald ibis	أبو منجل
<i>Threskioruis aethiopicus</i>	Sacred ibis	أبو منجل المقدس
<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	White stork	اللقلق الأبيض



<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	Black stork	اللقلق الأسود
<i>Phoenicopterus ruber</i>	Flamingo	النحام
<i>Larus leucophthalmus</i>	White eyed gull	النورس أبيض العين
<i>Merops apiaster</i>	Bee-eater	الوروار (آكل النحل)
<i>Coracias garrulus</i>	Roller	الشفراق
<i>Glariola pratincola</i>	Collared pratincole	أبو اليسر مطوق
<i>Glariola nordmanni</i>	Black winged pratincole	أبو اليسر أسود الجناح

C) Reptiles

ج) الزواحف

<i>Uromastyx aegyptius</i>	Egyptian spiny-tailed lizard	الضب المصري
<i>Pelomedusa subrufa</i>	Side neck turtle	سلحفاة جانبية العنق
<i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i>	Hawksbill turtle	سلحفاة منقار الصقر
<i>Chelonia mydas</i>	Green turtle	سلحفاة خضراء



